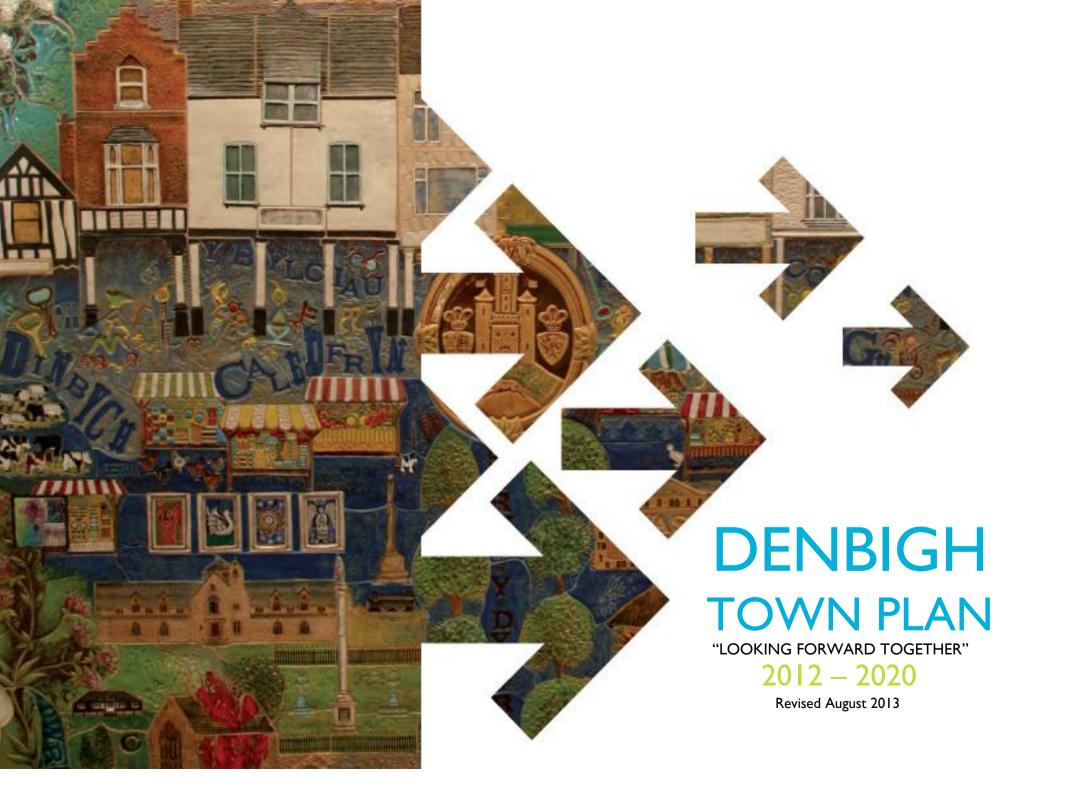
DENBIGH TOWN & AREA PLAN

"LOOKING FORWARD TOGETHER"

2013 - 2020

March 2014



Introduction

Denbighshire County Council has adopted a strategic aim of being "a high performing council close to the community".

To help achieve this aim, the County Council is inviting the town and community councils and the businesses, community and voluntary sectors in each of its main towns and the smaller outlying communities which relate to them to join together to develop "town plans". These will be living documents which will be subject to regular reviews and will set out

- the current situation in the towns
- the key challenges and opportunities which they will face over the next decade
- a vision for each town which will provide it with a sustainable future, and
- realistic and achievable actions which will deliver that vision.

Denbigh, the third largest town in the county is a medieval market town, steeped in history and dominated by the castle built during the reign of Edward I. The original town walls are still in place apart from a 100 yard stretch. Denbigh was given its borough charter in the 13th century and it remained a borough until 1974. The town, which prospered during Tudor times, (one of the most prosperous in Wales) today boasts over 200 listed buildings. The older parts of the town have close knit narrow streets, some grand medieval merchants' houses and many terraced houses, which retain the sense of the medieval town plan. Much of the town is now designated a Conservation Area. The High Street with its 16th century county hall (now the library) has an interesting mixture of shops and public houses. Gwasg Gee in Chapel Street was the oldest printing works in Wales until it closed in 2001, and played an important part in the history, politics and culture of Wales. Denbigh is also the birthplace of many important and well known figures such as H M Stanley, Elizabeth Casson, Thomas and Hugh Myddelton and Twm o'r Nant.

In the 19th century, the North Wales Hospital was built on the outskirts of the town; it was the town's largest employer until it closed in 1995. The main hospital closed in the 1990's with the closure of the Gwynfryn facility following in 2002. The in-patient services which were previously provided at the Hospital were relocated elsewhere. The livestock mart also left the town in 1992 when the new facility was opened on the outskirts of Ruthin and the site which was vacated became the food store that is now Morrison's. Unfortunately, the economic consequences of these closures have not yet been addressed. The Colomendy Industrial Estate which was developed in the latter part of the 20th century is the county's largest general industrial site and has provided new types of employment for the area. Major employers on the Estate included Craig Bragdy who are specialists in ceramic murals for architectural settings and swimming pools, Niagara Health Care Ltd who make massage systems built into beds and chairs, and Telsol who manufacture boluses used in the treatment of livestock.

1. See Appendix 1 – Urban Characterisation Study of Denbigh



The town has two state schools providing secondary education - Denbigh High School and St Brigid's, which also provides primary education. Denbigh College, a Coleg Llandrillo campus provides further education and bilingual learning facilities for the town and its surrounding areas. Ysgol Plas Brondyffryn is a regional school specialising in the education of children on the autistic spectrum from the age of 3-19; it also provides residential facilities at Gwynfryn. There are five state primary schools, including Ysgol Frongoch, Ysgol Pendref, St Bridgid's, Ysgol y Parc and Twm o'r Nant - which provides education through the medium of Welsh. Housing growth during the second half of the 20th century has been primarily focussed in lower Denbigh.

It has a community hospital, the oldest in Wales and a good choice of doctor and dentist practices. It has a leisure centre with a swimming pool, an all weather pitch, fitness suite and dance studio. Lower Park provides tennis courts, a bowling green, a children's park and a skate park. It boasts a voluntary-run theatre, Theatr Twm o'r Nant which is also home to a successful Film Club. Also voluntary-run is Eirianfa, a community centre which is close to the town's main car parks.

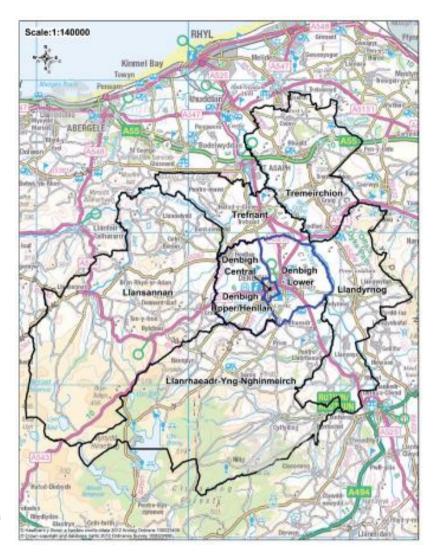
There is a Business Group which organises festivals, markets and other events; the Midsummer Festival Committee organises an annual week-long Festival during June and the Round Table organises an annual successful Beer Festival in September. On Boxing Day, the Rotary Club organises an annual 'Roll the Barrel competition' which follows the meeting of the Denbighshire Hunt in the High Street. Denbigh participates in the annual Open Doors heritage weekends and Helfa Gelf, both in September.

The Town Council is also very active; it organises heritage lectures, town guides and an annual Firework display at the castle. The council also provides grant aid funding in excess of £40,000 per annum for community clubs and groups to apply.

The population of the town of Denbigh is 9,848

The town serves a wider rural hinterland and is surrounded by the Llandyrnog, Llanrhaeadr yng Nghinmeirch and Tremeirchion, Cwm & Waen and Trefnant wards in Denbighshire and the Llansannan ward in Conwy County Borough. These wards together with the community of Henllan are the home to a further 10,005 people.





Wards in the Denbigh area

Where we are now

(The actual figures are shown in the Statistical Appendix.)

People

Compared to the county as a whole, the town of Denbigh has

- fewer people aged over 65,
- the same percentage of over 85's,
- more young people under 15,
- fewer households claiming housing or Council Tax benefit except in part of the Denbigh Upper & Henllan ward where the percentage is twice the county average,
- fewer households claiming Disability Living Allowance except in the Denbigh Central and Denbigh Upper & Henllan wards, and
- the same proportion of households are overcrowded except in part of the Denbigh Upper & Henllan ward where the percentage is more than twice the county average.

Community

Compared to the county as a whole, more people in the town of Denbigh

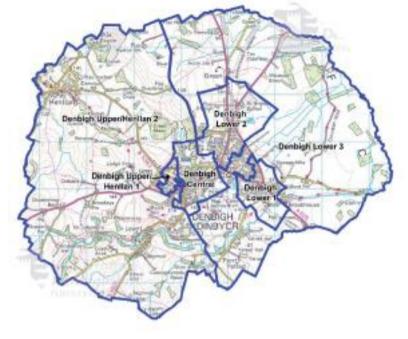
- have been born in Wales, and
- can speak Welsh

In the town as a whole, the crime rate is average or, in the case of Denbigh Lower ward, below average; however in the Central ward incidences of 'Violence against the Person' and 'Criminal Damage' are higher.

There is a strong ethos of community enterprise in the town which has enabled the provision of facilities by voluntary and community groups, for example, Theatr Twm o'r Nant, where they have not been provided by the public sector.

The Welsh Government uses a formula to measure deprivation called the "Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation". Wales is split into 1896 areas some of which are smaller than County Council wards which are called "Lower Super Output Areas". Each area is then ranked with the most deprived given a score of 1 and the least deprived as score of 1896. The scores in different years are not directly comparable because the way in which the index is calculated changes over time. In the 2011 edition of the Index, part of the Denbigh Upper & Henllan ward has moved up to be amongst the 10% most deprived areas in Wales and as such potentially qualifies for assistance through the Communities First programme.

Part of the index which relates to how easy it is for people to access services such as schools, clinics, shops and leisure centres and the Llanrhaeadr yng Nghinmeirch, Llansannan, Trefnant and Tremeirchion, Cwm & Waen wards are considered to be amongst the 10% most deprived in Wales in this regard with the Llandyrnog ward being in the 20% most deprived.



Map showing the Lower Super Output Areas in Denbigh

Jobs

Compared to the county as a whole, (2. Appendix 2 (Statistical Appendix)

- more people who live in Denbigh work in the public sector (and more people in Denbighshire work in this sector than in any other local authority area in Great Britain)
- fewer people work in retail
- the same percentage of people work in manufacturing (which is lower than in Wales as a whole)
- fewer residents of the town commute more than 20km to work
- fewer people commute more than 20km to work in the town, and
- the same percentage of people of working age claim Job Seekers' Allowance.

Annual household incomes in the Denbigh Lower ward are much higher than the average for Wales with those in the rest of the town being lower than average.

2. Appendix 2 (Statistical Appendix)

The place

Denbigh has one of the highest percentages of vacant town centre units in the county although this is still broadly similar to the average level for the UK.

Vacancy rates for town centre premises - November 2013

| Denbigh | 10.8% | (12 units) |
|---------|-------|----------------------|
| UK | 13.9% | (Local Data Company) |

The principal attraction in the town currently is the castle which had 13,500 visitors in 2012.

The number of bed spaces in graded visitor accommodation in the town has increased from 8 to 31 over the last couple of years.

Future challenges and opportunities

People

A development to enable the conservation of the historic buildings at the former North Wales Hospital could potentially provide new homes and employment opportunities on the site.

Grŵp Cynefin has bought the former Autoworld site on Smithfield Road site with the intention of providing new homes for young people. This is an opportunity to provide new community and enterprise facilities for young people to complement the proposed housing development.

The former school site in Middle Lane is no longer in use and could be redeveloped; it is owned and administered by a charity.

Community

Part of the Denbigh Upper & Henllan ward is now amongst the 10% most deprived areas in Wales and potentially qualifies for assistance through the Communities First programme. There is already a dedicated community development worker for the area and a food co-operative is operating from the Margaret Morris Centre.

The Co-operative store is willing to allow community uses on the upper floors of their shop in High Street.

Bryn Parc, a popular recreational area adjoining Denbigh Castle is in private ownership and is leased to Denbighshire County Council. The lease expires in 2017.

There are many successful sports clubs such as: rugby, football, tennis, bowling, boxing, hockey, golf and cricket (the second oldest in Wales, est 1844). The cricket club is looking to re-locate. The golf and rugby club have entertainments facilities and the rugby club was the first to install solar panels for energy reduction.

The County Council closed its museum in the town's library in 2004; there are over 1,000 items pertaining to Denbigh in store in Ruthin; the North Wales Hospital Group has a huge collection which is of interest to all those interested in the study of mental health. There are H M Stanley artifacts which were bought with a grant from the HLF at the Stanley auction at Christies in 2002; one of the conditions of this grant was that they be on view to the public in an accredited museum. There is a Denbigh Museum Registered Company limited by guarantee which is seeking to re-open the museum at alternative premises within the town. On the outskirts there is Cae Dai museum celebrating the 50s and in the Welsh Language Centre there is the Wireless in Wales museum.

Jobs

There is very little easily accessible employment land left to develop at Colomendy Industrial Estate limiting both the expansion of current businesses on the estate and the industrial estate itself.

Businesses in the town can access fast broadband services through connections to the Fibrespeed optical fibre link which runs along the A55.

Station Yard site in lower Denbigh is a large area suitable for re-development.

The shops which currently make such an important contribution to the way the town centre looks and feels continue to face strong competition; shopping via the internet and out of town stores are challenges to be addressed as are the high business rates. Negative perceptions of town centre parking are a deterrent to attract customers.

Place

The principal attraction in the town is the castle which is under the control of CADW. Unlike other Denbighshire towns, the County Council does not own or run any heritage or cultural assets in Denbigh, apart from the library.

The appearance of the streetscape in the town centre has been significantly improved as a result of the Townscape Heritage Initiative. Nevertheless, there are still some prominent historic buildings in the town centre which are unused or derelict such as Gwasg Gee, the former cinema, the Crown Hotel, the Church Institute and 102 Vale Street.

There is a need to consider the gas, electricity and water infrastructure when developing areas in the town.

The town's car parks are untidy, especially the multi-storey car park; this needs a regular inspection and maintenance.

There is a lack of coach parking in town; the County Council is obliged to provide this as a condition of sale of the former Smithfield site in 1997. The Magistrates' Court formerly Frongoch primary school is for sale and could go some way towards answering this need.

In 2011 CADW invested at Denbigh Castle with the building of a new visitor centre, improved interpretation and longer opening hours. However, signage at the entrance to the town, within the town centre and around the castle is limited; the physical links between the town centre and castle are not obvious. Access to the town walls should be made easier.

NO2 pollution levels are high in Lenten Pool, and also on Vale Street.

Vision for Denbigh

We want Denbigh

- to be the main centre of employment and retailing in the Vale of Clwyd
- to realise the tourism potential by increasing the number of visitors to the castle and town walls and other attractions
- to be the gateway to Hiraethog, and Llyn Brenig centre
- to have an attractive and viable town centre
- to re-open the museum
- to improve and create new cycle routes
- to offer a great quality of life to residents
- to have support for its strong community connections and the high levels of usage of the Welsh language

Making it happen... for people

| What we want to achieve | We will achieve this by | This will be led by | By when | Status |
|--|---|---|--------------|------------------------------------|
| | Reviewing primary school provision in upper Denbigh | County Council Modernising Education | 1 year | Complete |
| There has been an | Implementing the actions arising from the review of primary school provision in upper Denbigh | County Council Modernising Education | 1 – 5 years | |
| improvement in educational attainment | Reviewing remaining primary provision within Denbigh and the adjoining communities | County Council Modernising Education | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Secure capital funding for improvements to primary and secondary Schools | County Council Modernising Education | 5 – 10 years | |
| | Potentially providing housing to enable the conservation of the historic buildings at the former North Wales Hospital a Grade 1 Listed Building | Private sector | 1 – 5 years | |
| The housing needs of | Youth Enterprise Centre on the former Autoworld Site will be completed by 2014 | Grŵp Cynefin | 1 – 5 years | |
| residents have been met | Considering making the site of the former Denbigh Grammar School on Middle Lane available for a housing development to meet the needs of older people | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Include Station yard and the Wool factory as possibility for houses, employment, visitor accommodation | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| People will have greater access to cheaper and better quality food | Providing more allotments and supporting the establishment of an Allotment User Association. | County Council Finance & Assets | 1 – 5 years | Was found to not be required |
| Places for families to | Providing family focused activities and establishments | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| socialise together | | County Council Leisure, Libraries & Community Development | | |
| | | Business Group | | |

Making it happen... for the community

| What we want to achieve | We will achieve this by | This will be led by | By when | Status |
|--|--|---|-------------|--------|
| More resources to tackle the causes of deprivation in part of the Denbigh Upper & Henllan ward | Upper Denbigh is now part of the Communities First Programme. | Upper Denbigh Community Partnership | 1 year | |
| People have a better appreciation of their town's history by being able to access collections held locally | Implementing the recommendations of the museum feasibility study Denbigh Museum Group/DTC | | 1 – 5 years | |
| There will continue to be a high percentage of the town's population who speak Welsh | Improving facilities at the town's Welsh primary school by replacing mobile classrooms with permanent buildings | County Council Modernising Education | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Supporting the improvement of the facilities at Denbigh Town Football Club, the Tennis and Bowls Clubs, the lower park pavilion and Cricket Club. | County Council Leisure, Libraries & Community | 1 – 5 years | |
| The town's community facilities | Support the boxing club in its relocation from Middle Lane | Development / Pavilion Group | | |
| will be better and more sustainable; | Re-establish public toilets in Lower / Middle Park | County Council Environment & Lower Park Association | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Improve the interior of the town hall and market hall | County Council Leisure, Libraries & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Providing a permanent building for the Margaret Morris Centre | County Council Modernising Education | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Providing new facilities for young people to complement the housing development proposed for the former Autoworld site in Smithfield Road | County Council Leisure, Libraries & Community Development and Grŵp Cynefin | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Providing more flexible public transport for people living in outlying communities to make it easier for them to access the facilities in the town | County Council Highways & Transportation | 1 – 5 years | |
| More social integration between education facilities | Providing integrated activities between the schools including Plas Brondyffryn, and Denbigh College | Denbigh High School, Howell's School, St Brigid's School | 1 year | |

Making it happen... for jobs

| What we want to achieve | We will achieve this by | This will be led by | By when | Status |
|---|--|--|--------------|--------|
| A wider choice of jobs will be | Maximising the regeneration benefits of the redevelopment of Station Yard | Private Sector | 1 year | |
| available in Denbigh itself | Allocating easily accessible land for development at the Colomendy Industrial Estate | County Council Planning & Public Protection | 5 – 10 years | |
| | Looking into the feasibility of providing a north-south cycle path in the Vale of Clwyd | County Council Highways and Transportation | 1 year | |
| It will be possible to commute | Looking into the feasibility of providing a lower carbon public transport link to main employment sites in the area and Rhyl railway station | County Council Highways and Transportation | 1 – 5 years | |
| safely and sustainably to jobs which are available elsewhere | Promoting the use of empty shop units | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 year | |
| The businesses which provide employment in the town centre will be more sustainable | Improving the market and support events would be of benefit to the town centre | County Council Housing & Community Development/Events/Commu nity Facilities/Business Group/Tourism Group | 1 -5 years | |
| | Supporting liaison with the Former Howells School to maximize the future economic benefit to the town and to safeguard the listed buildings. | Business Group/ County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| More visitors will come to the castle and walls and will spend | Improving access to the castle and town walls | Denbigh Tourism Group/DCC Tourism & Heritage | 1 year | |
| money in the town | Carrying out small scale improvements to the signage and access arrangements for the castle and town walls | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| There will be more graded accommodation to enable visitors to stay overnight and spend money in the town | Holding information workshops for potential B&B operators | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| Unused but otherwise sound buildings such as the former Church Institute will be brought back into use for the benefit of the town centre | Being flexible about the uses allowed | County Council Housing & Community Development/Private | 1 – 5 years | |

Making it happen... for the place

| What we want to achieve | We will achieve this by | This will be led by | By when | Status |
|--|---|---|-------------|--------|
| Buildings in the town will look | Providing financial support to town centre businesses that want to smarten up the outside of their premises | County Council Environment | 1 year | |
| more attractive | Getting prominent untidy sites and buildings such as Gwasg Gee, the Crown Hotel, the former cinema in Highgate, 102 Vale Street and the former North Wales Hospital back into use through enforcement action if necessary | County Council Planning & Public Protection | 1 – 5 years | |
| The town's public realm will look more attractive. | Tidying the area around the water feature near Factory Ward car park. Cleaning up the principal routes used by visitors such as Rosemary Lane and Broomhill Lane. Providing a litter bin near the college and monitoring on street cleansing service. | County Council Environment | 1 year | |
| | Reviewing the provision of benches including style and number | County Council Environment | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Removing time expired temporary notices from lamp posts and telegraph poles | County Council, Highways & Transportation, and Planning & Public Protection | 1 year | |
| The air quality in Lenten Pool and on Vale Street will have improved | Monitoring NO2 levels and looking into how they could be reduced | County Council Planning & Public Protection | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Investigate the possibility of funded Town Centre Manager. | County Council Housing & Community Development and Town Council | | |
| Visitors to the town will have | Rationalising and improving signs in Factory Ward car park and removing all out of date signs | County Council Highways & Transportation | 1 year | |
| a better experience | Improving the location of visitor signs in Factory Ward car park. Providing interpretation of water feature near Factory Ward car park. Interpreting the story of Rosemary Lane. | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Need to co-ordinate and improve the CCTV with the aim of linking up to the county's centre in Rhyl | County Council Planning & Public Protection | | |
| | Need signage from the A55 | County Council Highways & Transportation | | |

| All pedestrians will be able to move safely around the town | Improve access around the town by widening paths and dropping kerbs where required???? | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------|--|
| Traffic will be able to circulate freely and safely | Looking into the feasibility of off street parking on Barker's Well Lane, improving the road junction at St Mary's, better bus stops in the town centre so buses can pull in and won't hold up the traffic, signage for alternative routes to town centre Improve the bus terminals in their current position in Lenten Pool | County Council Highways & Transportation | 5 – 10 years | |
| There will be a better offer for visitors including the development of new attractions and walks | Looking into the feasibility of developing the Chapel Street area into a cultural quarter based on the two chapels, Victorian school room, Gwasg Gee, and Tŷ Thomas Gee and making more of the link between Beatrix Potter and Gwaenynog Hall and accommodating coach parties | County Council Housing & Community Development | 1 – 5 years | |
| | Accommodating coach parties | County Council Housing & Community Development/Denbigh Museum Company | 1 – 5 years | |









DENBIGH AREA PLAN

"LOOKING FORWARD TOGETHER"

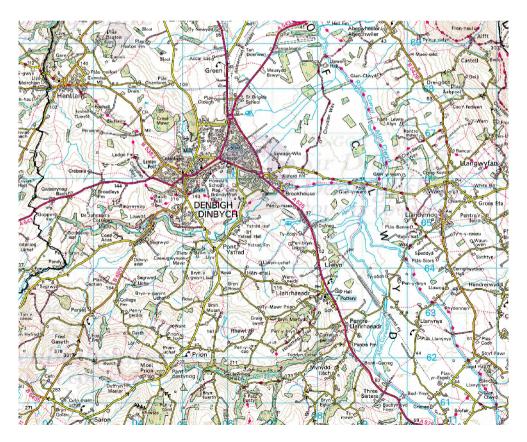
2013 - 2020

The links between the town & the associated communities

Denbigh and its surrounding communities are closely linked with Denbigh town centre which serves the majority of villages in the area. The area around Denbigh is large and home to a large agricultural economy and population.

The area is becoming increasingly popular for holding high quality, high profile events such as the Tour of Britain cycle event and the National Eisteddfod. The area offers a wealth of outdoor activities such as walking, horseriding, cycling, golf as well as educational opportunities such as the Duke of Edinburgh awards.

There are several active community councils and groups in the area all working towards the well being of their local communities and economies. The communities covered by this Area Plan include Bodfari, Henllan, Nantglyn, Prion, Saron, Aberwheeler, Llangwyfan. Llandyrnog and Llanrhaeadr.



Making it happen... For People & Community

| ACTIVITY | ECON. AMB. STRAT. REF. | OUTPUT | LED BY | START | FINISH |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Upgrade the Coco Rooms in Llandyrnog, which require | | Repairs and work required for WiFi identified | Llandrynog Community Council | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| external and internal repairs, | | Funding identified and secured | Llandrynog Community Council | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| and provide Wi-Fi access for community use to encourage computer skills and web | 5.2c | Repairs carried out | Llandrynog Community Council | Sept 2014 | Nov 2014 |
| training. | | WiFi installed | Llandrynog Community Council | Nov 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| | | Costings identified | Llandrynog Community Council | Feb 2014 | Mar2014 |
| Improvements to Llandrynog Sports Pavilion | 5.2c | Funding identified and secured | Llandrynog Community Council | Mar 2014 | Apr 2014 |
| | | Improvement works complete | Llandrynog Community Council | Apr 2014 | Jul 2014 |
| Build a new community building at Top Park, Henllan | 5.2c | Costings identified | Henllan Community Council | June 204 | July 2014 |
| to include Healthy Activity Schemes | | Funding identified and secured | Henllan Community Council | July 2014 | Sept 2014 |
| 00/10/1100 | | Community building built | Henllan Community Council | Oct 2014 | Aug 2015 |
| Review bus timetable /community bus scheme in | | Issue raised with Highways | DCC Economic and Business Development | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| light of bus grant cuts – across the rural area around Denbigh but particularly between Denbigh and Henllan | 5.2c | Actions determined by outcome of discussion with Highways | DCC Highways | June 2014 | June 2014 |
| Provide a community centre in Nantglyn. | 5.2c | Options determined for providing a community centre – new build, use of existing building, | Nantglyn Community Council | June 2014 | July 2014 |

| | | repair/refurbishment of existing building | | | |
|--|------|--|--|------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Preferred option determined | Nantglyn Community Council | Aug 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| | | Funding identified and secured | Nantglyn Community Council | Aug 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| | | New community centre available | Nantglyn Community Council | Oct 2014 | Dependent on chosen option |
| Provide more burial space in | | Options for providing more burial space determined | Nantglyn Community Council | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| Nantglyn. | 5.2c | Preferred option determined | Nantglyn Community Council | July 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| 3, | | Funding identified and secured | Nantglyn Community Council | Aug 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| | | Burial space available | Nantglyn Community Council | Nov 2014 | Jan 2015 |
| Upgrade Cae Nant playing | | Improvements identified | Llandrynog Community Council | Apr 2014 | May 2014 |
| field in Llandyrnog and | | Funding identified and secured | Llandrynog Community Council | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| improve the safety between the play area and the parking area by resurfacing the parking area | 5.2c | Upgrade carried out | Llandrynog Community Council | Sept 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| Upgrade the playing field in | | Improvements identified | Aberwheeler Community Council | Apr 2014 | May 2014 |
| Aberwheeler. Including the | 5.2c | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Community Council | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| replacement of the barbed wire fencing with D shaped rails and plain wire | | Upgrade carried out | Aberwheeler Community Council | Sept 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| Start the proposal of building a new community centre in | | Options determined for providing a community centre – new build, use of existing building, repair/refurbishment of existing building | Aberwheeler Community Council | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| Aberwheeler to replace the community meeting facility when the chapel closes. | 5.2c | Preferred option determined | Aberwheeler Community Council | Jul 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| | | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Community Council | Aug 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| | | New community centre available | Aberwheeler Community Council | Oct 2014 | Jul 2015 |
| Continue with the upkeep of the Henllan park which DCC | 5.2c | Issue raised with Housing Services | DCC Economic and Business Development | April 2014 | May 2014 |
| Housing have recently invested in | J.ZU | Maintenance schedule established | DCC Housing Services | May 2014 | June 2014 |

| Provide space to improve parking for walkers and | | Parking area identified | Aberwheeler Community Council | May 2014 | June 2014 |
|--|--------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| improve parking situation in | 0.44 | Necessary permissions gained | Aberwheeler Community Council | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| Aberwheeler. | 3.1A-a | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Community Council | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| | | Parking space available | Aberwheeler Community Council | Sept 2014 | Nov 2014 |
| | | Meet with Community Council | DCC Highways | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| Introduce a 30mph limit | | Business case | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| through Llanrhaeadr | | Implement the reduced speed limits (subject to business case) | DCC Highways | Aug 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| Reduce the speed limit on the | | Meet with Community Council | DCC Highways | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| Nantglyn to Waen road to | | Business case | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| 30mph | | Implement the reduced speed limits (subject to business case) | DCC Highways | Aug 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| | | Meeting between Community Council and DCC Highways | DCC Highways | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| Provide a cycleway / walkway | 5.2c | Engineers Report | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| between Henllan & Denbigh - | | Costed design | DCC Highways | July 2014 | Sept 2014 |
| to improve safety and | | Report/Business case | DCC Highways | Sept 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| encourage cycling and walking whilst also providing better | | Planning and/or other consents secured | DCC Highways | Oct 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| links to Denbigh | | Land acquisition if required | DCC Property Services | Dec 2014 | April 2015 |
| | | Funding identified & secured | DCC Highways | Mar 2015 | June 2015 |
| | | Improvement/provision of path. (Subject to Business Case). | DCC Highways | July 2015 | Sept 2015 |
| Introduce traffic calming in | | Meet with Community Council | DCC Highways | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| Llandyrnog and reduce the speed limit to 20mph at the | | Business case | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| school | | Implement the reduced speed limits (subject to business case) | DCC Highways | Aug 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| Provide a footpath on Lon Garn, Henllan to improve | | Meeting between Community Council and DCC Highways | DCC Highways | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| pedestrian safety within 30mph | | Engineers Report | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| area | | Costed design | DCC Highways | July 2014 | Sept 2014 |
| | | Report/Business case | DCC Highways | Sept 2014 | Oct 2014 |

| | | Planning and/or other consents secured | DCC Highways | Oct 2014 | Dec 2014 |
|--|------|--|--|-----------|------------|
| | | Land acquisition if required | DCC Property Services | Dec 2014 | April 2015 |
| | | Funding identified & secured | DCC Highways | Mar 2015 | June 2015 |
| | | Improvement/provision of path. (Subject to Business Case). | DCC Highways | July 2015 | Sept 2015 |
| Introduce speed calming | | Meet with Community Council | DCC Highways | May 2014 | May 2014 |
| measures on Lon Garn & Denbigh Street, Henllan, to reduce excessive speeds | | Business case | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| | | Implement the reduced speed limits (subject to business case) | DCC Highways | Aug 2014 | Dec 2014 |
| Look into the feasibility of | | Issue to be raised with DCC Modernising Education Team | DCC Economic and Business Development | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| expanding Ysgol Pant Pastynog | 5.2c | Further action to be determined during review of Denbigh area primary provision. | DCC Modernising Education Team | July 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| | | Repairs assessment carried out | Aberwheeler Community Council | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| Repair Aberwheeler Memorial | | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Community Council | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| | | Repairs undertaken | Aberwheeler Community Council | Sept 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| Provide new outdoor | | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Sports Club | June 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| pavilion/marquee for Aberwheeler sports club | | Pavilion / marquee provided | Aberwheeler Sports Club | Sept 2014 | Sept 2014 |

Making it happen... for the place

| ACTIVITY | ECON. AMB. STRAT. REF. | OUTPUT | LED BY | START | FINISH |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--|-----------|-----------|
| | | Ownership determined and necessary permissions in place | Aberwheeler Community Council | May 2014 | July 2014 |
| Improve the footpath from Aberwheeler down to the river | 6.1e | Costs of improvements determined | Aberwheeler Community Council | July 2014 | Aug 2014 |
| Wheeler to allow access for all | 0.10 | Funding identified and secured | Aberwheeler Community Council | Aug 2014 | Oct 2014 |
| | | Improvements to footpath carried out | Aberwheeler Community Council | Oct 2014 | Nov 2014 |
| | 5 1d Fu | Report / Business Case | DCC Highways | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| Carry out a parking review in | | Funding identified and secured | DCC Highways | July 2014 | Sept 2014 |
| Ty Coch Street/Church Street/School Street, Henllan | | Parking review completed | DCC Highways | Sept 2014 | Nov 2014 |
| Improve broad band access and mobile phone coverage to rural area surrounding Ruthin | 1.2a | Superfast broadband to all properties | DCC Economic and Business Development | Apr 2014 | Dec 2017 |
| <u> </u> | | Report / Business Case | DCC Enforcement | May 2014 | June 2014 |
| Tackle dog fouling problem, particularly in Henllan | 6.1e | Enforcement action identified | DCC Enforcement | June 2014 | July 2014 |
| particularly in Herillan | | Dog fouling problem resolved | DCC Enforcement | July 2014 | Sept 2014 |

Priorities for the Rural Area

Three projects have been prioritised for the rural area:

1. Improvements to Llandrynog Sports Pavilion

Work – upgrade the kitchen facilities to allow clubs and groups to continue using the venue Amount Requested - £2,000

2. Installation of footpath at Aberwheeler

Work – footpath to be installed along the main road from the village towards Geinas to improve pedestrian safety Amount Requested - £20,000

3. Installation of footpath at Henllan

Work – installation of footpath on Garn Road to improve pedestrian safety Amount Requested - £85,000

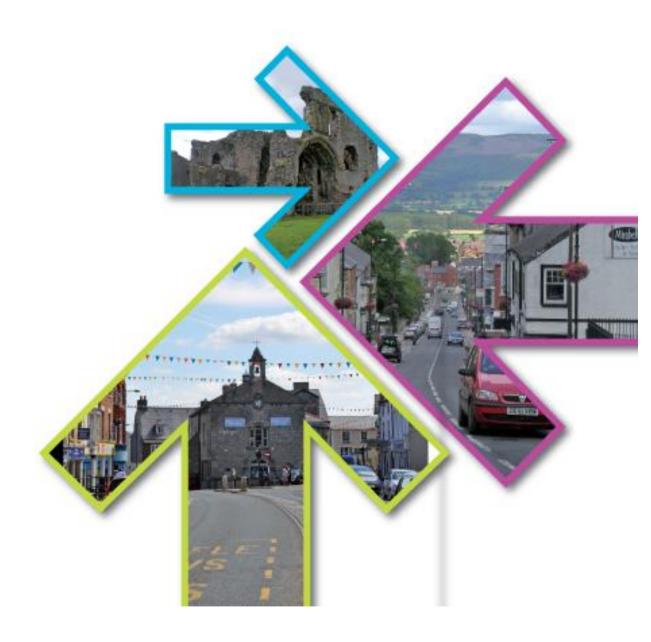
How will we know if we are on track?

Annual reviews of progress will be undertaken by the County Council together with Denbigh Town Council. More regular updates will also be provided to the County Council's Member Area Groups and to the Town Council, and also to the wider community through County Voice and through press releases made by Denbighshire County Council. The Plan will be treated as a living document in which aspirations can be added or removed according to changes in circumstances.

Who was involved in the production of this plan?

This plan was produced by Denbighshire County Council following consultations with County Council Councillors and Services, the Town Council, the Business Group, secondary schools and the wider community.

For further information: econ.dev@denbighshire.gov.uk



Appendix 1

Excerpt from 'Denbigh: Understanding Urban Character' by Cadw

Denbigh is a place of contrasts. There are virtually two towns here — the town within the walls, and the town outside them. Both are medieval in origin, but one went on to enjoy a dynamic and prosperous history whilst the other was left behind. Virtual abandonment of the town within the walls erased the visible traces of the original town outside the walls resulted in a process of continual redevelopment that just as effectively almost obscured its origins. So, whereas the historic nature of Denbigh is immediately apparent, not only in its castle and town walls but also in the visible chronology of its building stock, the full depth of its history is not easily perceived.

It invites, and repays, closer investigation. Denbigh enjoys one of the most striking settings of any Welsh town. From the dramatic apex of its rocky hill, crowned by the remains of its medieval castle and skeletal cathedral, the townscape cascades in dense confusion. With the exception of the market square in front of the shire hall, this is not a town of grand urban gestures. There are no unified terraces of houses to make architectural statements. Instead, Denbigh provides a townscape of small-scale units of development, built both with the contours and across them.

Contrasts of form, scale and materials create a mosaic of visual impressions that compete for attention, and provide an environment that is stimulating and undeniably attractive. Commercial architecture of all periods dominates the High Street, where tight development patterns reflect economic pressures on valuable space. Chapels punctuate the townscape, defying the physical constraints of space with their architectural ambition. The mansions of Vale Street in their generous plots contrast with the small artisan cottages crowded onto narrow lanes. Almost everywhere each plot of land displays a distinctly separate history from its neighbours, and this results in a townscape of unusual variety. It is this rich diversity that provides the defining aspect of Denbigh's character. Through an acknowledgement and understanding of it, we can gain access not only to the exceptional chronology of the town's development but also its complex social and cultural history.

The Townscape Heritage Initiative and Housing Renewal Schemes have already assisted in sustaining the fabric of both gentry houses and terraced cottages, and this breadth is an essential component of good conservation management. But, ultimately, more is needed. The urban fabric is not just the sum of its buildings but also about the pattern of land use, the plot structure and the spatial organization. It is the combination of all of these elements in a unique topographical setting that provides the touchstone for understanding and sustaining Denbigh's distinctive character.

Appendix 2 Statistical Appendix 2011 Census Date

| Percentage of | In Denbigh town | In the surrounding rural area | In Denbighshire |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Young people aged 15 or under | 18.7 | 18.7 | 18.1 |
| All people aged 65 or over | 17.3 | 19.6 | 21.1 |
| People aged 85 or over | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.8 |
| People claiming housing or Council Tax benefit | 8.4 | 12.4 | 9.6 |
| Overcrowded households | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| People born in Wales | 72.4 | 63.3 | 58.1 |
| People over 3 years of age who can speak, read or write Welsh | 26.2 | 28.7 | 18.6 |
| Working residents who travel more than 20km to work | 26.9 | 19.6 | 18.6 |
| Working residents employed in agriculture | 1.7 | 8.5 | 2.3 |
| Working residents employed in manufacturing | 8.2 | 14.7 | 18.2 |
| Working residents employed in retail | 3.7 | 13.8 | 14.4 |
| Working residents employed in the public sector | 41.2 | 31.2 | 30.0 |
| | | | |

| "Lower layer super output area" | Ranking in 2005 | Ranking in 2008 | Ranking in 2011 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Town | | | |
| Denbigh Central | 1049 | 1030 | 881 |
| Denbigh Lower 1 | 1806 | 1805 | 1832 |
| Denbigh Lower 2 | 1654 | 1702 | 1767 |
| Denbigh Lower 3 | 1474 | 1558 | 1595 |
| Denbigh Upper & Henllan 1 | 273 | 199 | 160 |
| Denbigh Upper & Henllan 2 | 912 | 879 | 782 |
| Surrounding Area | | | |
| Llandyrnog | 1428 | 1301 | 1384 |
| Llanrhaeadr yng Nghinmeirch | 1359 | 1300 | 1422 |
| Llansannan | 1048 | 1088 | 1081 |
| Trefnant | 1278 | 1065 | 1196 |
| Tremeirchion, Cwm & Waen | 1303 | 1266 | 1231 |